## INDIANA VICTIM RIGHTS AMENDMENT

## Indiana Constitution Article 1. Bill of Rights Section 13(b)

- (b) Victims of crime, as defined by law, shall have the right to be treated with fairness, dignity, and respect throughout the criminal justice process; and, as defined by law, to be informed of and present during public hearings and to confer with the prosecution, to the extent that exercising these rights does not infringe upon the constitutional rights of the accused. (History: As Amended November 5, 1996).
- ✓ Statutes implementing this Section 13(b) can be found at Indiana Code 35-40.

## Indiana Constitution Article 16. Amendments Section 1

- (a) An amendment to this Constitution may be proposed in either branch of the General Assembly. If the amendment is agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses, the proposed amendment shall, with the yeas and nays thereon, be entered on their journals, and referred to the General Assembly to be chosen at the next general election.
- (b) If, in the General Assembly so next chosen, the proposed amendment is agreed to by a majority of all the members elected to each House, then the General Assembly shall submit the amendment to the electors of the State at the next general election.
- (c) If a majority of the electors voting on the amendment ratify the amendment, the amendment becomes a part of this Constitution.